WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for generating a preamble sequence in an orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM) communication system having m 5 subcarriers in a frequency domain, comprising the steps of:

grouping the m subcarriers by n subcarriers, where n is less than m, so as to generate p subchannels; and

assigning null data to subcarriers except the n subcarriers assigned to the subchannels, assigning data of a given sequence to at least one subchannel selected from the p subchannels, assigning null data to subchannels not selected from the p subchannels, and thereafter performing inverse fast Fourier transform (IFFT) for transforming the data into time-domain data.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 1, the selected one subchannel is a subchannel #1 which is a first subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P111subch(-100:100) given by

P111subch(-100:100)={

	-1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0	[-100:-89] subch#1
20	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	[- 88:-76] subch#2
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	[- 75:-64] subch#3
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	[- 63:-51] subch#4
	+1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0	[- 50:-39] subch#1
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	[- 38:-26] subch#2
25	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	[- 25:-14] subch#3
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	[- 13:- 1] subch#4
	0	[DC]

```
[ 1: 13] subch#1
         0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0
                                           [ 14: 25] subch#2
         000000000000
                                           [ 26: 38] subch#3
         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                           [ 39: 50] subch#4
         [ 51: 63] subch#1
         0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0
5
                                          [ 64: 75] subch#2
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                           [ 76: 88] subch#3
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                            [ 89:100] subch#4
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  }*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
```

3. The method of claim 1, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 1, the selected one subchannel is a subchannel #1 which is a first subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P211subch(-100:100) given by

P211subch(-100:100)={ [-100:-89] subch#3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 88:-76] subch#1 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 [- 75:-64] subch#4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 63:-51] subch#2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 20 [- 50:-39] subch#1 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 [- 38:-26] subch#3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 25:-14] subch#2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 13:- 1] subch#4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [DC] 25 0

```
0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0
                                        [ 1: 13] subch#1
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                             [ 14: 25] subch#3
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                             [ 26: 38] subch#2
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                             [ 39: 50] subch#4
5
          0000000000000
                                             [ 51: 63] subch#3
         -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0
                                             [ 64: 75] subch#1
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                             [ 76: 88] subch#4
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                             [ 89:100] subch#2
  }*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
```

- 10 where $(n_x:n_y)$ represents subcarriers of n_x^{th} to n_y^{th} subcarriers.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 1, the selected one subchannel is a subchannel #2 which is a second subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence 15 is P112subch(-100:100) given by

P112subch(-100:100)={ 000000000000 [-100:-89] subch#1 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 [- 88:-76] subch#2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 75:-64] subch#3 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 63:-51] subch#4 000000000000 [- 50:-39] subch#1 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 [- 38:-26] subch#2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 25:-14] subch#3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 13:- 1] subch#4 25 0 [DC]

```
[ 1: 13] subch#1
         [ 14: 25] subch#2
        +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0
                                       [ 26: 38] subch#3
         [ 39: 50] subch#4
         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                       [ 51: 63] subch#1
         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
5
                                  [ 64: 75] subch#2
        +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0
                                       [ 76: 88] subch#3
         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                       [ 89:100] subch#4
         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  }*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
```

- 10 where $(n_x:n_y)$ represents subcarriers of n_x^{th} to n_y^{th} subcarriers.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 1, the selected one subchannel is a subchannel #2 which is a second subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence 15 is P212subch(-100:100) given by

P212subch(-100:100)={ [-100:-89] subch#3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 88:-76] subch#1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 75:-64] subch#4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 63:-51] subch#2 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 20 [- 50:-39] subch#1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 38:-26] subch#3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 25:-14] subch#2 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 [- 13:- 1] subch#4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [DC] 25 [1: 13] subch#1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

```
[ 14: 25] subch#3
         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                           [ 26: 38] subch#2
         -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1
                                            [ 39: 50] subch#4
         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                           [ 51: 63] subch#3
          [ 64: 75] subch#1
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
5
                                           [ 76: 88] subch#4
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                           [ 89:100] subch#2
          0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1
  }*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
```

10

6. The method of claim 1, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 1, the selected one subchannel is a subchannel #3 which is a third subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P113subch(-100:100) given by

15 P113subch(-100:100)={ [-100:-89] subch#1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 88:-76] subch#2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 75:-64] subch#3 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 [- 63:-51] subch#4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 50:-39] subch#1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 20 [- 38:-26] subch#2 [- 25:-14] subch#3 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 [- 13:- 1] subch#4 [DC] [1: 13] subch#1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 25 [14: 25] subch#2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

```
-1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 [ 26: 38] subch#3

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [ 39: 50] subch#4

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [ 51: 63] subch#1

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [ 64: 75] subch#2

5 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 [ 76: 88] subch#3

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [ 89:100] subch#4

}*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
```

7. The method of claim 1, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 1, the selected one subchannel is a subchannel #3 which is a third subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P213subch(-100:100) given by

P213subch(-100:100)={ [-100:-89] subch#3 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 15 [- 88:-76] subch#1 00000000000000 [- 75:-64] subch#4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 63:-51] subch#2 [- 50:-39] subch#1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 38:-26] subch#3 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 20 [- 25:-14] subch#2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 13:- 1] subch#4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [DC] 0 [1: 13] subch#1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [14: 25] subch#3 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 25 [26: 38] subch#2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

}*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)

where $(n_x:n_y)$ represents subcarriers of n_x^{th} to n_y^{th} subcarriers.

8. The method of claim 1, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 1, the selected one subchannel is a subchannel #4 which is a fourth subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P114subch(-100:100) given by

P114subch(-100:100)={ [-100:-89] subch#1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 88:-76] subch#2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 15 [- 75:-64] subch#3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 63:-51] subch#4 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 [- 50:-39] subch#1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 38:-26] subch#2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 25:-14] subch#3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 20 [- 13:- 1] subch#4 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 [DC] 0 [1: 13] subch#1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [14: 25] subch#2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [26: 38] subch#3 25 [39: 50] subch#4 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1

```
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [ 51: 63] subch#1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [ 64: 75] subch#2
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [ 76: 88] subch#3
0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 [ 89:100] subch#4
```

5 }*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)

where $(n_x:n_y)$ represents subcarriers of n_x^{th} to n_y^{th} subcarriers.

9. The method of claim 1, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 1, the selected one subchannel is a subchannel #4 which is a fourth subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P214subch(-100:100) given by

```
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [ 64: 75] subch#1
+1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 [ 76: 88] subch#4
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [ 89:100] subch#2
```

}*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)

- 5 where $(n_x:n_y)$ represents subcarriers of n_x^{th} to n_y^{th} subcarriers.
- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 2, the selected two subchannel are a subchannel #1 which is a first subchannel and a subchannel #3 which is a third subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P12(1+3)subch(-100:100) given by

P12(1+3)subch(-100:100)={ [-100:-89] subch#1+subch#3 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 [- 88:-76] subch#2+subch#4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 75:-64] subch#1+subch#3 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 15 [- 63:-51] subch#2+subch#4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 50:-39] subch#1+subch#3 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 [- 38:-26] subch#2+subch#4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 25:-14] subch#1+subch#3 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 [- 13:- 1] subch#2+subch#4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 20 [DC] [1: 13] subch#1+subch#3 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 [14: 25] subch#2+subch#4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [26: 38] subch#1+subch#3 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 [39: 50] subch#2+subch#4 25 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [51: 63] subch#1+subch#3 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0

```
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [ 64: 75] subch#2+subch#4

-1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 [ 76: 88] subch#1+subch#3

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [ 89:100] subch#2+subch#4

}*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
```

- 5 where $(n_x:n_y)$ represents subcarriers of n_x^{th} to n_y^{th} subcarriers.
- 11. The method of claim 1, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 2, the selected two subchannel are a subchannel #1 which is a first subchannel and a subchannel #2 which is a second subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P22(1+2)subch(-100:100) given by

P22(1+2)subch(-100:100)={ [-100:-89] subch#3+subch#4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 [- 88:-76] subch#1+subch#2 [- 75:-64] subch#3+subch#4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 15 [- 63:-51] subch#1+subch#2 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 [- 50:-39] subch#3+subch#4 [- 38:-26] subch#1+subch#2 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 [- 25:-14] subch#3+subch#4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 13:- 1] subch#1+subch#2 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 20 [DC] [1: 13] subch#1+subch#2 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 [14: 25] subch#3+subch#4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [26: 38] subch#1+subch#2 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 [39: 50] subch#3+subch#4 25 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [51: 63] subch#1+subch#2 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0

```
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [ 64: 75] subch#3+subch#4

-1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 [ 76: 88] subch#1+subch#2

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [ 89:100] subch#3+subch#4

}*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
```

- 5 where $(n_x:n_y)$ represents subcarriers of n_x^{th} to n_y^{th} subcarriers.
- 12. The method of claim 1, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 2, the selected two subchannel are a subchannel #2 which is a second subchannel and a subchannel #4 which is a fourth subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P12(2+4)subch(-100:100) given by

P12(2+4) subch $(-100:100) = {$ [-100:-89] subch#1+subch#3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 88:-76] subch#2+subch#4 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 [- 75:-64] subch#1+subch#3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 15 [- 63:-51] subch#2+subch#4 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 [- 50:-39] subch#1+subch#3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 38:-26] subch#2+subch#4 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 [- 25:-14] subch#1+subch#3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 13:- 1] subch#2+subch#4 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 20 [DC] [1: 13] subch#1+subch#3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [14: 25] subch#2+subch#4 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 [26: 38] subch#1+subch#3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [39: 50] subch#2+subch#4 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 25 [51: 63] subch#1+subch#3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

```
-1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 [ 64: 75] subch#2+subch#4

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [ 76: 88] subch#1+subch#3

0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 [ 89:100] subch#2+subch#4

}*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
```

- 5 where $(n_x:n_y)$ represents subcarriers of n_x^{th} to n_y^{th} subcarriers.
- 13. The method of claim 1, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 2, the selected two subchannel are a subchannel #3 which is a third subchannel and a subchannel #4 which is a fourth subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P22(3+4)subch(-100:100) given by

P22(3+4) subch $(-100:100) = {$ [-100:-89] subch#3+subch#4 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 [- 88:-76] subch#1+subch#2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 75:-64] subch#3+subch#4 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 15 [- 63:-51] subch#1+subch#2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 50:-39] subch#3+subch#4 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 [- 38:-26] subch#1+subch#2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 25:-14] subch#3+subch#4 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 [- 13:- 1] subch#1+subch#2 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [DC] [1: 13] subch#1+subch#2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [14: 25] subch#3+subch#4 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 [26: 38] subch#1+subch#2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [39: 50] subch#3+subch#4 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 25 [51: 63] subch#1+subch#2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

```
-1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 [ 64: 75] subch#3+subch#4

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [ 76: 88] subch#1+subch#2

0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 [ 89:100] subch#3+subch#4

}*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
```

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14. The method of claim 1, wherein all of the subcarriers except the n subcarriers assigned to the subchannels are subcarriers corresponding to an interference-removed component between a DC component and the subcarriers.

15. An apparatus for generating a preamble sequence in an orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM) communication system having m subcarriers in a frequency domain, comprising:

a preamble sequence generator for generating the preamble sequence so that data of a given preamble sequence is assigned to at least one subchannel selected from p subchannels generated by grouping the m subcarriers by n subcarriers, where n is less than m, and null data is assigned to subchannels not selected from the p subchannels; and

an inverse fast Fourier transformer (IFFT) for receiving the preamble sequence, assigning null data to subcarriers except the n subcarriers assigned to the subchannels, and thereafter performing inverse fast Fourier transform for transforming the data into time-domain data.

16. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 1, the selected one subchannel is a subchannel #1 which is a first subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P111subch(-100:100) given by

```
Pillsubch(-100:100)={
-1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 [-100:-89] subch#1
```

```
[- 88:-76] subch#2
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                               [- 75:-64] subch#3
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                               [- 63:-51] subch#4
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                               [- 50:-39] subch#1
          +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0
                                               [- 38:-26] subch#2
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
5
                                                [- 25:-14] subch#3
           000000000000
                                                [- 13:- 1] subch#4
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                [DC]
                                                [ 1: 13] subch#1
           0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0
                                                [ 14: 25] subch#2
            0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
10
                                                [ 26: 38] subch#3
            0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                [ 39: 50] subch#4
            0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                [ 51: 63] subch#1
            0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0
                                                 [ 64: 75] subch#2
            0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                [ 76: 88] subch#3
15
           -0000000000000
                                                 [ 89:100] subch#4
            0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
    }*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
```

20 17. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 1, the selected one subchannel is a subchannel #1 which is a first subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P211subch(-100:100) given by

```
P211subch(-100:100)={

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [-100:-89] subch#3
```

25

```
[- 88:-76] subch#1
          -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1
                                                 [- 75:-64] subch#4
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                 [- 63:-51] subch#2
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                 [- 50:-39] subch#1
          +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0
                                                 [- 38:-26] subch#3
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
5
                                                 [- 25:-14] subch#2
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                  [- 13:- 1] subch#4
            0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                  [DC]
                                                  [ 1: 13] subch#1
            0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0
                                                  [ 14: 25] subch#3
            0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
10
                                                  [ 26: 38] subch#2
            0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                  [ 39: 50] subch#4
            0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                   [ 51: 63] subch#3
            0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                   [ 64: 75] subch#1
            -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0
                                                  [ 76: 88] subch#4
             0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
15
                                                   [ 89:100] subch#2
             0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
    }*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
```

20 18. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 1, the selected one subchannel is a subchannel #2 which is a second subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P112subch(-100:100) given by

```
[- 88:-76] subch#2
         -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1
                                           [- 75:-64] subch#3
         [- 63:-51] subch#4
         [- 50:-39] subch#1
         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                           [- 38:-26] subch#2
         -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1
5
                                           [- 25:-14] subch#3
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                            [- 13:- 1] subch#4
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                            [DC]
                                            [ 1: 13] subch#1
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                            [ 14: 25] subch#2
          +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0
10
                                            [ 26: 38] subch#3
          [ 39: 50] subch#4
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                             [ 51: 63] subch#1
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                         [ 64: 75] subch#2
          +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0
                                             [ 76: 88] subch#3
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
15
                                           [ 89:100] subch#4
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
    }*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
```

19. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 1, the selected one subchannel is a subchannel #2 which is a second subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P212subch(-100:100) given by

```
[- 75:-64] subch#4
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                   [- 63:-51] subch#2
           0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0
                                                   [- 50:-39] subch#1
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                   [- 38:-26] subch#3
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                   [- 25:-14] subch#2
            0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1
5
                                                    [- 13:- 1] subch#4
            0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                    [DC]
                                                    [ 1: 13] subch#1
            0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                    [ 14: 25] subch#3
            0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                    [ 26: 38] subch#2
            -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1
10
                                                    [ 39: 50] subch#4
             0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                     [ 51: 63] subch#3
             0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                     [ 64: 75] subch#1
             0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                     [ 76: 88] subch#4
             0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                     [ 89:100] subch#2
             0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1
15
    }*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
    where (n_x:n_y) represents subcarriers of n_x^{th} to n_y^{th} subcarriers.
```

20. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 1, the selected one subchannel is a subchannel #3 which is a third subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P113subch(-100:100) given by

```
[- 63:-51] subch#4
         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                          [- 50:-39] subch#1
         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                          [- 38:-26] subch#2
         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                          [- 25:-14] subch#3
          0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1
                                           [- 13:- 1] subch#4
          5
                                           [DC]
                                           [ 1: 13] subch#1
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                           [ 14: 25] subch#2
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                         [ 26: 38] subch#3
         -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1
                                           [ 39: 50] subch#4
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
10
                                           [ 51: 63] subch#1
          [ 64: 75] subch#2
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                           [ 76: 88] subch#3
          -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1
                                            [ 89:100] subch#4
```

15 }*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)

21. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 1, the selected one subchannel is a subchannel #3 which is a third subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P213subch(-100:100) given by

```
[- 50:-39] subch#1
         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                           [- 38:-26] subch#3
         +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1
                                           [- 25:-14] subch#2
         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                           [- 13:- 1] subch#4
         [DC]
5
                                           [ 1: 13] subch#1
         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                           [ 14: 25] subch#3
         -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0
                                           [ 26: 38] subch#2
         [ 39: 50] subch#4
         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                           [ 51: 63] subch#3
          0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0
10
                                            [ 64: 75] subch#1
          [ 76: 88] subch#4
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                            [ 89:100] subch#2
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
   }*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
```

22. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 1, the selected one subchannel is a subchannel #4 which is a fourth subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence 20 is P114subch(-100:100) given by

P114subch(-100:100)={

```
[- 38:-26] subch#2
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                               [- 25:-14] subch#3
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                               [- 13:- 1] subch#4
          0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0
                                                [DC]
                                                [ 1: 13] subch#1
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
5
                                                [ 14: 25] subch#2
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                [ 26: 38] subch#3
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                               [ 39: 50] subch#4
           0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1
                                               [ 51: 63] subch#1
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                [ 64: 75] subch#2
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
10
                                                [ 76: 88] subch#3
            [ 89:100] subch#4
            0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1
    }*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
```

15

23. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 1, the selected one subchannel is a subchannel #4 which is a fourth subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P214subch(-100:100) given by

20 P214subch(-100:100)={

```
[- 25:-14] subch#2
         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                              [- 13:- 1] subch#4
         0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0
                                              [DC]
                                              [ 1: 13] subch#1
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                              [ 14: 25] subch#3
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
5
                                             [ 26: 38] subch#2
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                              [ 39: 50] subch#4
          0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1
                                              [ 51: 63] subch#3
          [ 64: 75]..subch#1
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                          [ 76: 88] subch#4
          +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1
10
                                               [ 89:100] subch#2
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
   }*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
```

- 15 24. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 2, the selected two subchannel are a subchannel #1 which is a first subchannel and a subchannel #3 which is a third subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P12(1+3)subch(-100:100) given by
- 20 P12(1+3) subch(-100:100) = {

```
-1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 [-100:-89] subch#1+subch#3

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 88:-76] subch#2+subch#4

0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 [- 75:-64] subch#1+subch#3

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 63:-51] subch#2+subch#4

25 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 [- 50:-39] subch#1+subch#3

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 38:-26] subch#2+subch#4
```

```
[- 25:-14] subch#1+subch#3
          0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1
                                                  [- 13:- 1] subch#2+subch#4
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                  [DC]
                                                  [ 1: 13] subch#1+subch#3
           0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0
                                                  [ 14: 25] subch#2+subch#4
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
5
                                                  [ 26: 38] subch#1+subch#3
           -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1
                                                   [ 39: 50] subch#2+subch#4
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                   [ 51: 63] subch#1+subch#3
           0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0
                                                   [ 64: 75] subch#2+subch#4
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                   [ 76: 88] subch#1+subch#3
           -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1
10
                                                   [ 89:100] subch#2+subch#4
            0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
    }*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
```

- 15 25. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 2, the selected two subchannel are a subchannel #1 which is a first subchannel and a subchannel #2 which is a second subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P22(1+2)subch(-100:100) given by
- 20 P22(1+2) subch(-100:100) = {

```
[- 25:-14] subch#3+subch#4
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                 [- 13:- 1] subch#1+subch#2
          0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0
                                                 [DC]
                                                 [ 1: 13] subch#1+subch#2
          0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0
                                                 [ 14: 25] subch#3+subch#4
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
5
                                            [ 26: 38] subch#1+subch#2
          -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1
                                                 [ 39: 50] subch#3+subch#4
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                 [ 51: 63] subch#1+subch#2
           0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0
                                                  [ 64: 75] subch#3+subch#4
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                 [ 76: 88] subch#1+subch#2
           -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1
10
                                                  [ 89:100] subch#3+subch#4
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
    }*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
```

15 26. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 2, the selected two subchannel are a subchannel #2 which is a second subchannel and a subchannel #4 which is a fourth subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P12(2+4)subch(-100:100) given by

20 P12(2+4) subch $(-100:100) = {$

```
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [-100:-89] subch#1+subch#3

-1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 [- 88:-76] subch#2+subch#4

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 75:-64] subch#1+subch#3

0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 [- 63:-51] subch#2+subch#4

25 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 50:-39] subch#1+subch#3

-1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 [- 38:-26] subch#2+subch#4
```

```
[- 25:-14] subch#1+subch#3
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                               [- 13:- 1] subch#2+subch#4
          0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0
                                               [DC]
                                               [ 1: 13] subch#1+subch#3
          [ 14: 25] subch#2+subch#4
          +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0
5
                                               [ 26: 38] subch#1+subch#3
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                               [ 39: 50] subch#2+subch#4
          0 + 1 0 + 1 0 - 1 0 - 1 0 + 1 0 + 1
                                                [ 51: 63] subch#1+subch#3
          0000000000000
                                                [ 64: 75] subch#2+subch#4
          -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0
                                               [ 76: 88] subch#1+subch#3
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
10
                                               [ 89:100] subch#2+subch#4
           0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1
   }*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
```

15 27. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein if m=256, p=4, the number of the selected subchannels is 2, the selected two subchannel are a subchannel #3 which is a third subchannel and a subchannel #4 which is a fourth subchannel among the 4 subchannels, then the given sequence is P22(3+4)subch(-100:100) given by

20 P22(3+4) subch $(-100:100) = {$

```
+1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 [-100:-89] subch#3+subch#4

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 88:-76] subch#1+subch#2

0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 [- 75:-64] subch#3+subch#4

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 63:-51] subch#1+subch#2

25 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 [- 50:-39] subch#3+subch#4

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [- 38:-26] subch#1+subch#2
```

```
[- 25:-14] subch#3+subch#4
          0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 +1
                                                  [- 13:- 1] subch#1+subch#2
          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                   [DC]
                                                   [ 1: 13] subch#1+subch#2
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                 [ 14: 25] subch#3+subch#4
           -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0
5
                                                  [ 26: 38] .subch#1+subch#2
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                   [ 39: 50] subch#3+subch#4
           0 +1 0 +1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1
                                                   [ 51: 63] subch#1+subch#2
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                                   [ 64: 75] subch#3+subch#4
           -1 0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0
                                                   [ 76: 88] subch#1+subch#2
           0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
10
                                                   [ 89:100] subch#3+subch#4
            0 +1 0 -1 0 -1 0 +1 0 +1 0 +1
    }*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2)
    where (n_x:n_y) represents subcarriers of n_x^{th} to n_y^{th} subcarriers.
```

15 28. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein all of the subcarriers except the n subcarriers assigned to the subchannels are subcarriers corresponding to an interference-removed component between a DC component and the subcarriers.